

Quality Assurance Monitoring System on LTC-I Related Services

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1. LICENSING OF SERVICE UNIT

- Service Unit has to obtain a license before its operation.

2. INSPECTION CHECKS WITH ADVANCE NOTICE

- Local Government officials will pay inspection checks to institutions and domiciliary service providers agents
- Standardized checklist is employed



- Significant items to be checked including-

a) Staff

- ✓ Staff list and duty descriptions
- ✓ Adequate no. of staff with appropriate qualifications
- ✓ Staff contracts
- ✓ Resume
- ✓ Replacement of Nurse, Home manager, Care workers when they are sick or on leave



b) Respect for the elderly's privacy rights



- ✓ Consent must be obtained from the elderly or their relatives before their personal information could be accessed or used

c) Service Operation Issues

- ✓ Home regulations, operation manuals and guidelines
- ✓ Service records



(Cont'd)

- ✓ Complaints records
- ✓ Physical restraint and emergency records
- ✓ Documentation or medical records
- ✓ Submission of medical record regularly by doctor to the Home manager
- ✓ Care Plan
- ✓ Reasons for service rejection and whether appropriate referrals for service have been made
- ✓ Management of Accident
- ✓ Guideline on hygiene management and prevention of infectious diseases, disposal of medical waste products



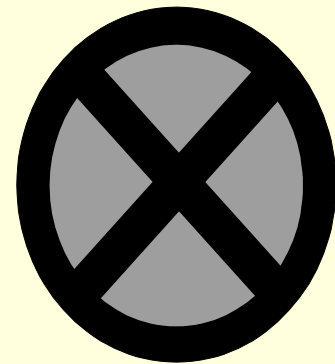
d) Fee Charges

- ✓ Fee schedule
- ✓ Invoice and Receipt of Service fees
- ✓ Inform the user on the types and amount of fee charged
 - e.g. surcharge for service delivered at odd hours
- ✓ Record of service rendered frequency and duration
- ✓ Mistakes on fee charged e.g. medical insurance Vs LTC-I, double charge
- ✓ Examine accounts kept by service units



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If service operators cannot fulfill requirements of the inspector, they will be warned and the license may be suspended



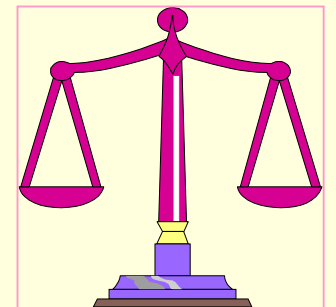
3. SUBMISSION OF SERVICE STATISTICS

- Report to local government on the service output every 4 months



4. CUSTOMER SELF-REGULATORY MONITORING SYSTEM

- Customer's feedback/complaint to local government
- Family members' feedback and complaints
- Customer stop using/buying the service if the quality of service is not satisfactory
- Hardly effective as there is a severe shortage of institutional/residential services in Japan



5. PERSONAL OBSERVATIONS ON QUALITY ASSURANCE ON LTC-I SERVICES

- System has been effective for 2 years (since April, 2002)
- More emphasis on implementation procedures of LTC-I
- Little emphasis on monitoring of quality of related services
- Apart from inspection checks on service units, no built-in service quality monitoring mechanism e.g. performance indicators, benchmarking systems among operators
- Their major concern on the checking process is on staff ratio and the financial/accounting system of the operator



6.CONCLUSIONS

- A rather lenient service monitoring system at the early implementation state of LTC-I
- Emphasis relatively heavy on fee charges to avoid mis-charge or double charge from LTC-I
- Customer satisfaction considered a useful market force to ensure quality
- Timely reminder to NGO service provider on importance of achieving customer satisfaction

